

Drainage Services Flood Prevention Program

Mill Woods Community Consultation

November 2005 Update





How Did We Get Here?

- Major flooding in July, 2004
- Flood prevention becomes top priority
- Commitment to public consultation and education
- At risk neighbourhoods identified
- Public meetings in Sept./04



How Did We Get Here?

- Engineering studies of priority neighbourhoods completed Feb./05
- Community consultations in March and April/05
- floodproof launched
- Meetings with other stakeholders through the summer and fall/05.
- Detail study of input and options
- Additional data collected and analyzed



Flood Prevention Program

- Backwater valve homeowner subsidy program
- Home Flood Prevention Checkup
- Information bulletins, notices and education material to residents
- Ads, stories and educational information in print, on TV, in newspapers and on the web.
- Backwater valve education workshops
- Homeowners Guide to Flood Prevention



Today's Meeting

- Present recommendations and implementation plan
- 2. Get your input and feedback
- 3. Make necessary adjustments
- 4. Forward package to City Council for budget approval



After Today's Meeting

- 1. Summarize and share input
- 2. Incorporate input into final plan
- 3. Report progress
- 4. Continue community consultation as required until work is completed



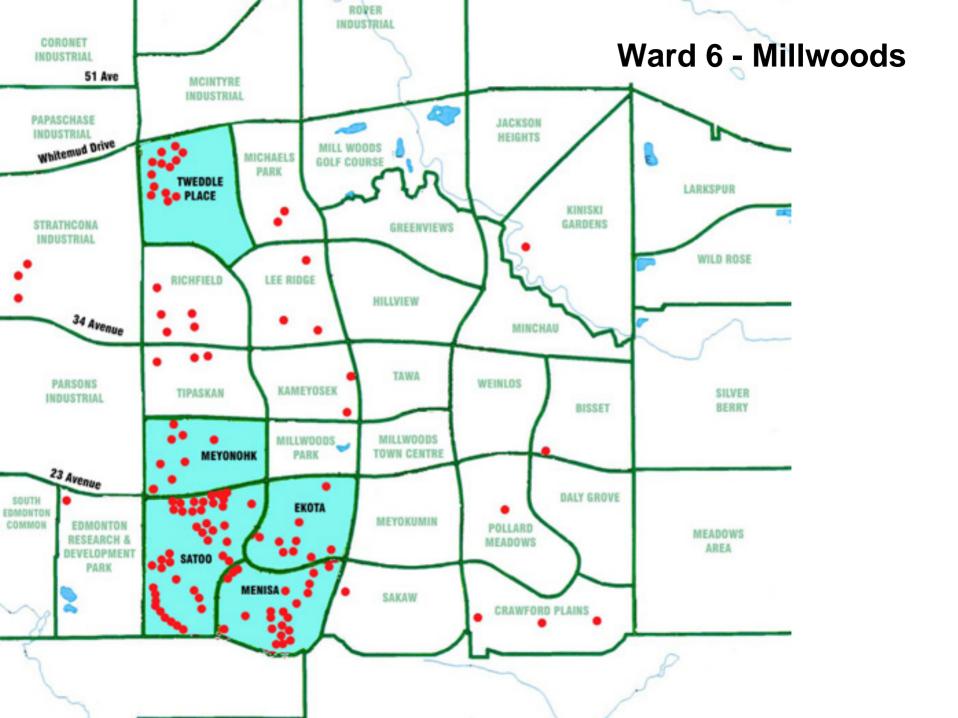
July, 2004 Flooding











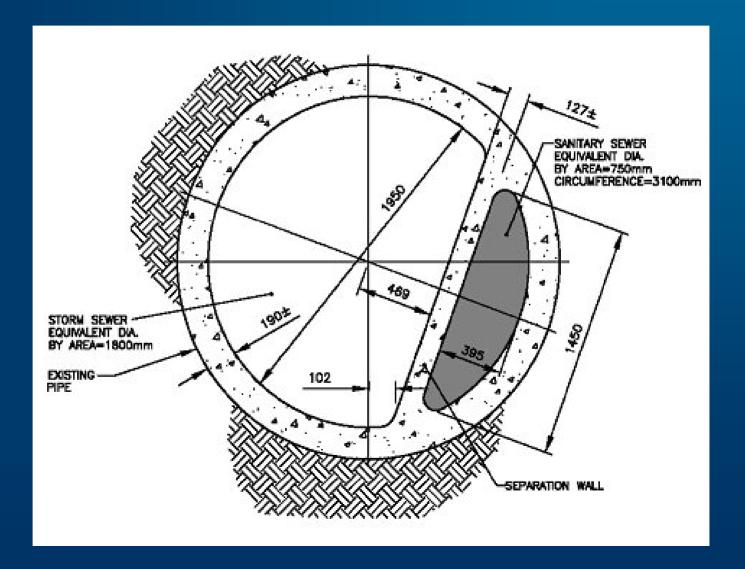


Mill Woods Findings

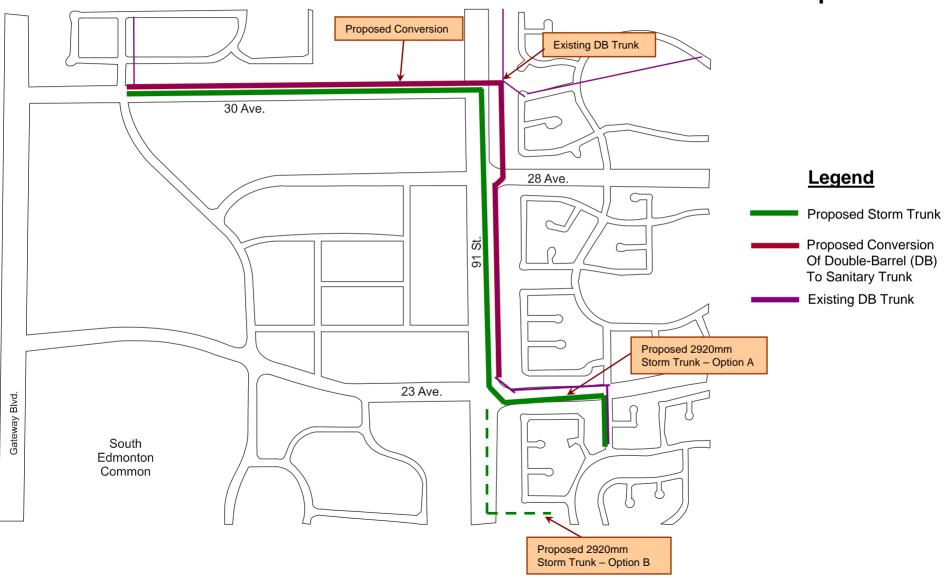
- Water volume exceeded storm sewer capacity
- Stormwater got into sanitary system
- Neighbourhood has natural low areas where surface water flows
- Poor drainage on private property contributed to flooding



The Double Barrel Pipe



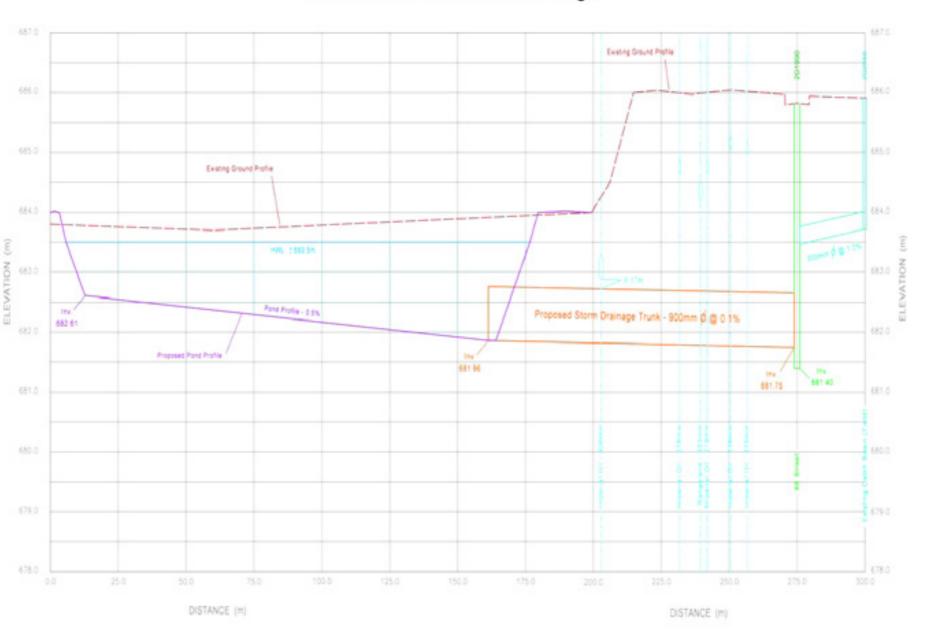
Mill Woods Flood Relief Concept Plan



Satoo 23 Avenue Storm Relief 23 Ave. 0 Knottwood Rd.N 0 Legend Trapped Low Areas Back Lane Surface Storage Re-Grading 91 St. Millwoods Rd. S 500m³ Superpipe Surface Drainage for Storage Major Flows 300mm Storm New Storm System Pipe Upgrade Knottwood Rd. S 66 St Inlet Capacity Upgrade 12 Ave. **New Sanitary System** 22,000 m³ Dry Pond



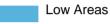
Satoo Storm Pond and Drainage

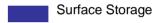


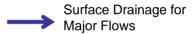
Whitemud Dr. Millbourne Rd. S. 91 Millwoods Rd. 13,500 m³ Dry Pond

North Millbourne

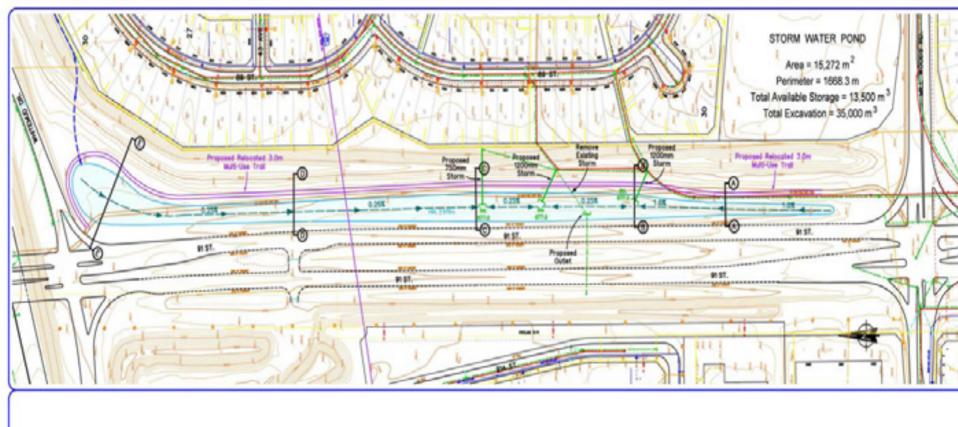
Legend



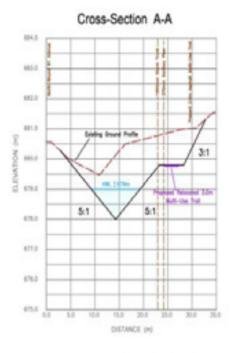


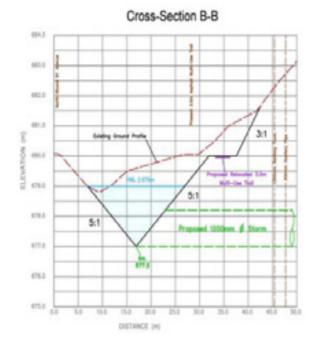


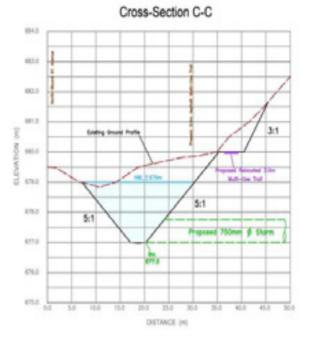
Inlet Capacity Upgrade

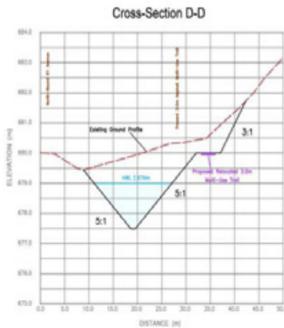


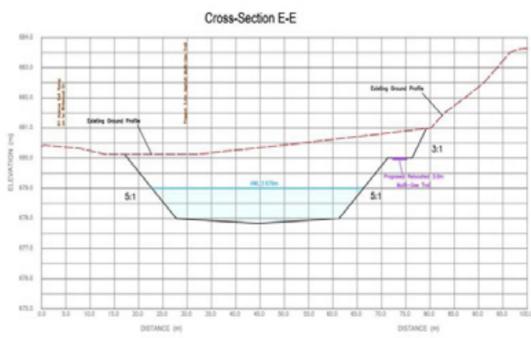
Please Refer to Figure 1.b (Cross-Sections) for Cross-Section Profiles

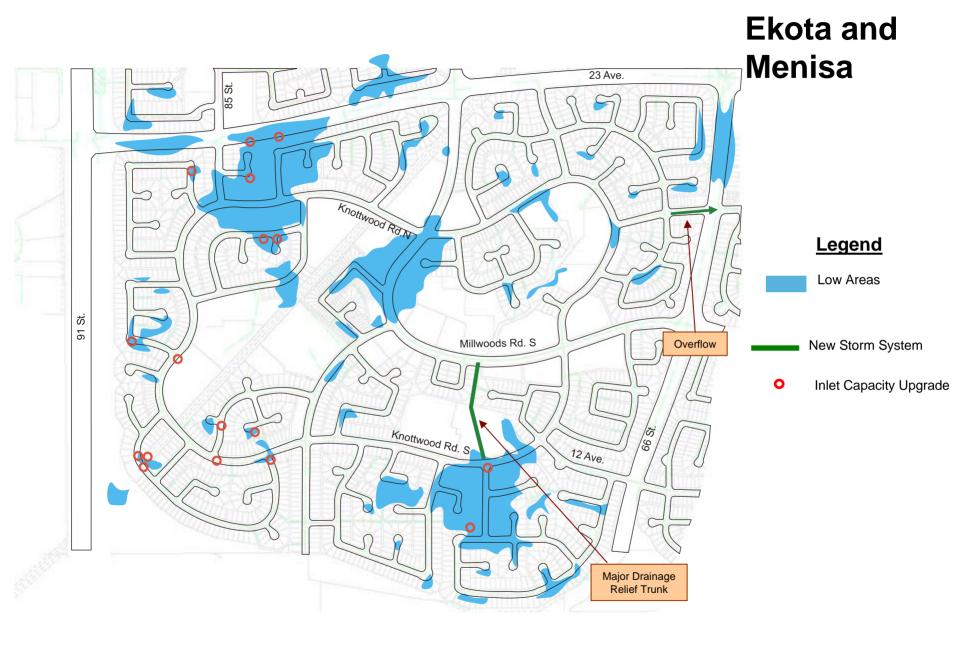














Cost of System Improvements: Mill Woods

30 th Avenue Double Barrel	\$13,500,000	
91st Street Double Barrel	\$9,500,000	
Total	\$23,000,000	



Cost of System Improvements: Satoo

Storm Pond and piping	\$1,380,000
Surface Re-grading	\$230,000
Storm Sewer Upgrade	\$210,000
23 Avenue Storm Relief Sewer	\$240,000
CB Upgrade	\$220,000
Sanitary Super Pipe	\$790,000
Total	\$3,070,000



Cost of System Improvements: Tweddle Place

Storm Pond and Piping	\$1,500,000	
Surface Drainage Re-grading	\$80,000	
Major Flow Pipe	\$1,510,000	
CB Upgrades	\$92,000	
Total	\$3,182,000	



Cost of System Improvements: Menisa and Ekota

Major Storm Relief Trunk	\$87,000
Major Storm Overflow Trunk	\$72,000
CB Upgrades	\$16,000
Total	\$175,000



Recommendations for Homeowners

- Improve lot grading to get surface water away from house
- Install/maintain adequate eavestroughs
- Channel downspout water to proper place
- Install backflow prevention valve
- In some cases, install sump pump



Back Flow Prevention Valves Mill Woods

	Reported Flooded Basements 2004/2005	Eligible 2004	Eligible ProActive 2005	Paid	Check-up Program
Satoo	161	100	7	57	21
Menisa	59	44	4	22	17
Ekota	26	16	1	8	13
Meyonohk	11	2	2	1	8
Tweddle Place	35	25	0	14	13

What are the Benefits?

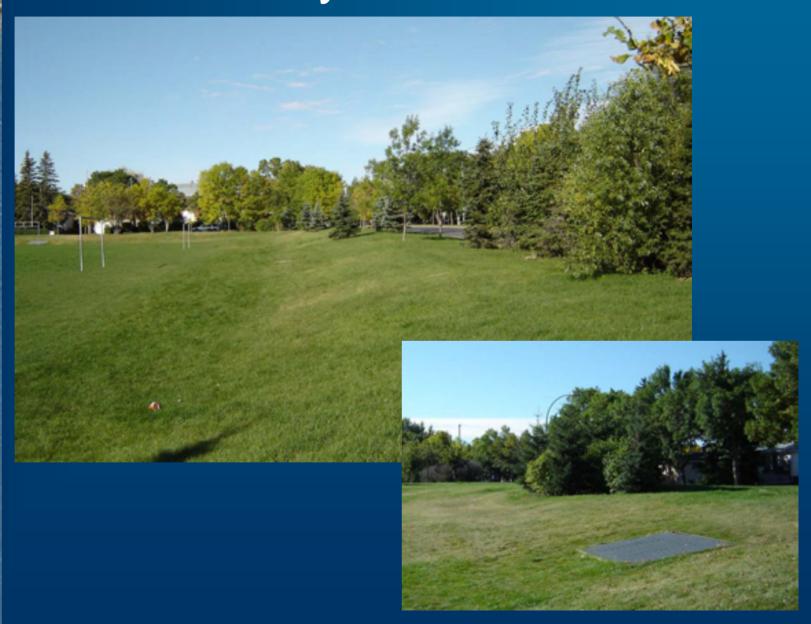
- Quicker overall drainage
- Less pooling of water on the surface
- Less likelihood of basement flooding
- Less property damage
- Savings of time, money and inconvenience



About Dry Ponds

- Collects surface water
- Water drained via pipes
- Usually takes less than 24 hrs to drain
- Normally 1.5 to 3 metres in depth
- Landscaped to blend in.
- Can be used for sports/recreation when dry
- Built to minimize safety risk
- Common in many cities; some on school sites (including Regina, Red Deer and Calgary)
- 60 in Edmonton, mostly along roadways

What Do Dry Ponds Look Like?



What Do Dry Ponds Look Like?





Implementation Plan

- Overall, ten year timeframe investing more than \$100 million in 15 communities
- Focus on most critical needs first
- Consult/inform community and others on design and construction, especially surface components like dry ponds



Mill Woods Implementation Plan

Manhole Sealing	Complete	
Proactive Backflow Valve	Ongoing	
Program		
Flood Prevention Home	Ongoing	
Checkup Program		
Sewer Upgrades and Dry	Near Term *	
Ponds	(2-3 years)	
Double Barrel	Mid Term *	
	(3-6 years)	

* Note: pending Council approval

Discussion and Feedback

Clarifying Questions?



Issues, comments, concerns?



Additional information needs?

