Building Great Neighbourhoods

Neighbourhood Renewal

The Way Ahead

Transforming Edmonton

Bringing Our City Vision to Life

September 2011

http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/roads_traffic/neighbourhood-renewal.aspx
Neighbourhood Renewal: Presentation Overview

Neighbourhood Renewal - Three (3) part presentation:
- Overview of Neighbourhood Renewal Program
- Neighbourhood Reconstruction - Scope of Work and Design
- Neighbourhood Reconstruction - Local Improvements

- Hold questions until the end of the presentations are completed.
- Staff on hand to answer questions.
Neighbourhood Renewal: Program Overview

- This part of the presentation focuses on the Neighbourhood Renewal Program covering such topics as:
  
  - Neighbourhood Renewal Scope
  - Selection Criteria
  - Funding Sources
Neighbourhood Renewal Program Overview

- Neighbourhood Renewal Program (NRP) - includes Residential and Industrials local and collector roadways. Scope of work includes:
  - Roads
  - Curbs and gutter
  - Sidewalks
  - Street lighting
  - missing links in ROW of sidewalk/MUT and bike networks
  - Pedestrian Safety
  - Alley in scope but funding model not finalized
Neighbourhood Renewal: Types of Renewal

- **Neighbourhood Microsurfacing** - roads are resealed with a thin asphalt ride surface. Microsurfacing candidates have good road conditions and are applied 10-12 years after road repaving.

- **Neighbourhood Overlay** - roads are repaved and sidewalk panels treated to eliminate trip hazards. Overlay neighbourhood candidates have poor road condition and good sidewalk condition.

- **Neighbourhood Reconstruction** - roads are repaved, sidewalk, curb and gutter, and street lights are replaced. Reconstruction neighbourhood candidates have poor sidewalk and fair to poor road conditions.

- **Collector Renewal** (with priority on bus routes)

- **Northeast Road Reconstruction** - replacement of road with special drainage enhancement, selective concrete repair due to soft subgrade conditions that exist in the area.
Neighbourhood Renewal Projects for 2011

- **Reconstruction**: 6 neighbourhoods - Parkallen, Rio Terrace, Sherbrooke, Fulton Place will be completed 2011; West Jasper Place, Capilano, will start in 2011.
- **Microsurfacing**: 3 neighbourhoods - Kensington, Ritchie Industrial and Greenfield.
Neighbourhood Renewal: Coordination of Departments

- Transportation Services collaborates with other City Depts. in order to maximize investments and minimize disruption
  - Infrastructure Services (Drainage Services)
  - Community Services (Office of Great Neighbourhoods)
  - Sustainable Development

- Project management and procurement of design and construction services of neighbourhood renewal work is administered by Roads Design and Construction Branch
Neighbourhood Renewal: Selection Criteria

- Average Condition of Pavement and Concrete
  - 1/4 of the Local residential/industrial roads surveyed each year
  - Collector and Arterial collected on alternating years of each other
- Average Condition of Underground Infrastructure
- Coordination with Other Capital Projects
  - City (Internal)
  - External Agencies
- Available Funding
  - Approved Budget from Council
  - Construction Costs
Neighbourhood Renewal: Roadway Condition

- Neighbourhoods in Edmonton:
  - 300 (Incl. Industrial)
- Surface Infrastructure Life Expectancy:
  - Approx. 40-50 Years
- Neighbourhoods Requiring Renewal:
  - 170 (100+ neighbourhoods need will require reconstruction)
- For a Sustainable Renewal Plan:
  - 13 - 15 Neighbourhoods/Year
Neighbourhood Renewal: Drainage Condition

- Drainage Services Construction expected to be completed before neighbourhood renewal work
- Condition Assessments
  - CCTV, hydraulic, etc.
- Design & Construction
  - Sewer Rehabilitation
  - Flood Prevention
  - Sewer Upgrade

(Photos Taken July 11, 2004)
Neighbourhood Renewal: Funding Sources: 2009 - 2011

- Alberta Municipal Infrastructure Program (AMIP)
- Municipal Sustainability Initiative (MSI)
- City of Edmonton General Financing
- Local Improvement Tax Levy - Sidewalk*
  - *subject to approval of Local Improvement Bylaw
- Neighbourhood Renewal Tax Levy
  - (2% in 2009-2010, and 1.5% in 2011)
## Neighbourhood Renewal: Funding Breakdown

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Infrastructure</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Roads, Curbs, and Gutters</td>
<td>100% City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underground Utility Work (EPCOR, Water, Drainage)</td>
<td>100% Utility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Street Lights</td>
<td>100% City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decorative Street Lights</td>
<td>100% City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upgrade of Existing Alley Luminaire and Arm to standard, where possible</td>
<td>100% City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidewalk Reconstruction</td>
<td>50% Property Owner / 50% City</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Neighbourhood Reconstruction: Scope of Work and Design

• This part of the presentation focuses on the neighbourhood reconstruction covering such topics as:

  • Scope of Neighbourhood Reconstruction
  • Design Influences
Neighbourhood Reconstruction Scope and Cost

• Surface Works (Conceptual): $17 - $20 Million
  Includes replacement of:
  - Pavement
  - Curb and gutter
  - Sidewalk
  - Standard street lighting

• Does NOT include:
  - Alleys
  - Arterial Roadways
  - Underground Utility Work

(Photo Taken By J. Nicholls: September 29, 2010)
Neighbourhood Renewal: Reconstruction Design Influences

- As part of the reconstruction of roads, sidewalks and curbs, and replacement of street lighting, the following opportunities are undertaken to improve safety and accessibility for pedestrians, and ensure meeting current neighbourhood design and construction practices:
  - **Intersection Improvement** - adding curb ramps, eliminating "overdesigned" intersections and improve curb radius to meet existing standards (or if not feasible, aim for 6.0m on local roadways and 9.0m on collector roadways).
- **Road Width improvements** - where possible, road widths are sized to current standards (Collector 11.5m /Local 9m).

For narrowing oversized roads, this includes shifting curbline walks to boulevards where opportunity presents itself.
Neighbourhood Renewal: Reconstruction Design Influences

- **Circulation/Traffic Control Signs** - review circulation/traffic control signage and determine if changes are required.

- **Curb Extensions to reduce pedestrian crossing distance** - considered at key pedestrian crossings near schools, community halls and playgrounds.
Neighbourhood Renewal: Reconstruction Design Influences

- **Addressing missing Active Modes links in ROW** - As per Sidewalk and Bicycle Strategy Plans

  **Sidewalks:** a general objective is to ensure accessibility to all bus stops, provide a continuous sidewalk on both sides of collector roads in residential neighbourhoods (one side in industrials) and at least one side of all residential streets

  **Bicycle routes:** implement through use of sharrows or wide sidewalk/trails.
Neighbourhood Renewal: Reconstruction Design Influences

- **Great Neighbourhoods Capital Investments** - opportunity for the City to invest in capital infrastructure not included in Transportation Renewal program, and that may be unique to each
Reconstruction Design Influences - Curb Types

• Generally, replace what was existing but can change

Straight face curb
• Collectors, bus routes, schools, parks, and commercial areas

Roll face curb
• Numerous driveway crossings, large trees, grading and/or drainage issues
Reconstruction Design Influences - Tree Treatments

- New City specifications include “Special Area Treatment” or “Tree Treatment” (more frequent spacing of rebar and expansion joints) where large trees are present, in order to reduce vertical movement of sidewalks.
Reconstruction Design Influences - Street Lights

Street Lighting Rehabilitation includes:

- Underground Bases - new concrete bases
- Electrical wiring - updated to new electrical codes
- Light fixtures - new fixtures (use LED in 2011)
- Street Light Poles - new galvanized poles.
- Existing street lighting system is maintained during construction
- Pole locations may change or move to the opposite side of the road
- Poles are placed on city property (ROW). Between homes, poles are placed near/on joining property lines.
Neighbourhood Reconstruction - Local Improvements

• This part of the presentation focuses on Local improvements as it pertains to the neighbourhood reconstruction covering such topics as:

  • Types of Local improvements
  • Property Owner support/protest
  • Cost shares
Local Improvement - What is it?

- A local improvement is a construction project which is undertaken near or adjacent to your property.
- A project Council considers of greater benefit to an area of the municipality than to the whole municipality.
- A project to be paid for in whole or in part by property owner via a local improvement tax.
Local Improvements for neighbourhood reconstruction

Decorative Street Lights LI (Optional)
- Property Owner Initiated - requires Expression of Interest (EOI) to prove majority support
- Property Owners pay 100% of incremental cost above standard

Sidewalk Reconstruction LI
- City Initiated - no EOI required
- City and Property Owner share costs (50%/50%)
Local Improvement Process

- City Prepares **Local Improvement Plan**
- **Notices** Sent to Owners
- **Bylaw** Prepared
- 30-Day **Petition Period**
- Bylaw **Passed by City Council**
- **Construction**
- **Local Improvement Tax Levy**
Local Improvement Notice

• Based upon the local improvement plan, the City must send a notice to all of the persons who will be liable to pay the local improvement tax (the property owners).

The City also includes:

• A Petition Form
• Affidavit of Execution
Local Improvement Outcomes - 30 Day Petition Protest

- **Petition Protest Fails (Less than 50%)**
  - If petition protest is not successful, the Local Improvement Bylaw can be approved, and if the Bylaw is approved by Council, the City must proceed with construction within 3 years.

- **Petition Protest Succeeds (More than 50%)**
  - If City receives a sufficient petition against the Local Improvement within the 30-day petition period, it will not proceed.
Sidewalk Reconstruction: Local Improvement History

- 1995: Originated as a pilot project (Prince Rupert and Jasper Park)
- 1998: Approved by City Council
- 1995-2011, 24 neighbourhoods were reconstructed with the 50/50 cost share local improvement for sidewalks
- In addition, Capilano and West Jasper Place to be completed in 2012

http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/roads_traffic/neighbourhood-renewal.aspx
Sidewalk Reconstruction: Local Improvement Projects

For each neighbourhood:

- Dozen or more sidewalk LI projects are created
- Each LI project may be petitioned against but must have the majority of Property Owners of that LI project to defeat it
- If one LI project is petitioned against, other projects will proceed if supported by the majority of the property owners.

http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/roads_traffic/neighbourhood-renewal.aspx
Sidewalk Reconstruction: Local Improvement Outcomes

Petition Fails (less than 50%):
Support for sidewalk reconstruction

Petition Successful (more than 50%):
No reconstruction, only sidewalk maintenance-patching, grinding, mudjacking

http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/roads_traffic/neighbourhood-renewal.aspx
Sidewalk Reconstruction Local Improvement Projects

Current 2011 LI rates are as follows:

- One time cash payment ($154.17/metre of frontage).
- Yearly rate ($12.12/metre per year amortized over 20 years).
- The cost includes the existing concrete removal and excavation, a gravel base, reinforcing steel, concrete placement, tying into private walkway connectors, and re-landscaping of disturbed areas all to City of Edmonton specifications.
- For typical 50 ft (or 15.24m) frontage, based on 2011 rates, Cash rate would be $2,349.55, or $184.71 per year for 20 years.
Determination of Local Improvement Costs: Assessable Length

- **Frontage**: is the shorter side of the lot
- **Flankage**: is the long side of the lot
- For residential lots, flankage shall be assessed 15% percent of the total flankage abutting the local improvement project.

- For Odd Shaped Lots, LI will be assessed as follow:
  
  Assessed Length = (Front + Rear)/2

  but this average may not be more than 2 times the front parcel dimension
Neighbourhood Renewal Program : Contacts

For more information, regarding neighbourhood renewal:

http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/roads_traffic/neighbourhood-renewal.aspx

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