VALLEY LINE WEST LRT
DOWNTOWN TO LEWIS FARMS

Spring 2021
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All images and renderings are preliminary and subject to change. Final designs will be shared when complete.
Welcome to the Valley Line LRT: a low-floor, community-integrated transit system that will unite our city as never before.

Why ‘Valley Line’? Well, in creating Edmonton's first completely new LRT line, we wanted to highlight a special feature of our city: the ribbon of green that threads its way through the heart of Edmonton, binding our city together.

The Valley Line is all about staying connected, with more frequent and more accessible stops that allow you to access all the communities along the line—not just the hot spots.

It’s a line built around stopping off at the local grocery store for essentials on the way home from work.

Or meeting up with friends for brunch and shopping along 124 Street.

Or visiting friends in Mill Woods or Lewis Farms, without having to drive.

It’s a line that brings you and your family to the City’s great festivals at Churchill Square, or for a quiet afternoon at the library.

It’s a line that brings our City together... to create a community of communities ... and it’s coming to a neighbourhood near you.
As Edmonton grows, our transportation needs are outpacing infrastructure capacity. LRT provides a proven, high-quality, high-capacity, efficient and environmentally-friendly way to move people.

In June 2009, City Council adopted a long-term LRT Network Plan that defines the future size, scale and style of the regional LRT system. Eventually, the LRT network will have six lines extending to the northwest, northeast, east, southeast, south and west. The Valley Line West extension is part of the City Plan’s vision to expand mass transit to all sectors of the city.

The LRT Network Plan supports City Council’s overarching policy direction by making major nodes (including the Centre City) the focal points of the LRT system. In reviewing the overall system operation, it was determined that future expansions would need to operate on separate LRT lines.

As part of the LRT Network Plan, a review was completed to help choose the style of LRT service most appropriate to meet Edmonton’s future needs. The review recommended a new low-floor system of LRT for lines that run separately from the high-floor LRT system.

The Valley Line will be part of this new system, and will both connect with other future low-floor LRT lines, and offer an interchange with Edmonton’s existing high-floor system.
The Valley Line West is under construction.

Valley Line West is a 14 km light-rail extension from 102 Street downtown to Lewis Farms. It is the second stage of the Valley Line; an urban-style, 27 km LRT line that will operate between Mill Woods in southeast Edmonton and Lewis Farms in west Edmonton. The estimated cost for the project is $2.6 billion (2018 CAD).

HIGHLIGHTS

- Includes 14 street-level stops and two elevated stations (at the Misericordia Hospital and West Edmonton Mall).
- Features two new bridges; one crossing Groat Road at Stony Plain Road, and another crossing Anthony Henday Drive at 87 Avenue.
- Connects with transit centres at Jasper Place, West Edmonton Mall, Lewis Farms, and an expanded Park & Ride location at Lewis Farms.
- Provides an LRT link to major destinations; including NorQuest College, MacEwan University, Brewery District, Jasper Place, the Orange Hub, 124 Street, Meadowlark Mall, the Misericordia Hospital and West Edmonton Mall.
- Travel time is roughly 35 minutes between Lewis Farms and downtown.
- Trains will run every five minutes during peak hours.
- Low-floor urban vehicles and operations, including step-free boarding.
- Features smaller-scale stops that are spaced more closely together, providing LRT access within walking distance to thousands of people.
- Trains will run with traffic, and much of the line will have no gates, bells, fences or crossing arms.
- Includes a transfer point with the existing LRT system (Capital and Metro lines) at Churchill Square.
- Features the same fares, security and high-quality service across the entire ETS system and co-ordinates with the updated bus network.
Low-floor LRT vehicles were first introduced in the late 1980s and have since evolved to become the industry standard for new LRT systems in Europe and North America. Most of the mechanical equipment on a low-floor LRT vehicle is located on the roof, which means the train doors open at street level for step-free boarding onto the vehicle.

A great advantage of a low-floor LRT system is that the stops can be small and require minimal infrastructure—a stop can be as simple as a raised curb and sidewalk—although Edmonton’s will feature canopies and shelters for protection from the elements. Vehicles will also run at community traffic speeds, meaning warning bells, crossing gates and flashing lights won’t be necessary. This allows the new LRT to integrate harmoniously with the communities it serves.

Other advantages of low-floor, urban style LRT include:

• Building smaller-scale stops that are spaced more closely together.
• Reducing vehicle and traffic speeds in congested areas to support safe, pedestrian-friendly communities.
• Investing in landscaping, streetscaping and architectural features to improve visual appeal.
A major priority of the Valley Line project is to design a transit system that both meets the overall goals of LRT expansion and fully integrates into the communities it serves.

After two years of public consultation, the City established an extensive list of design guidelines that emphasizes Sustainable Urban Integration (SUI).

The SUI guidelines look beyond the building of tracks and trains towards creating neighbourhoods that are safe, attractive and connected. This involves designing livable, pedestrian-friendly environments and adding enhancements that reflect the feel and character of each of the communities along the LRT corridor.

Some examples of SUI enhancements include:
- Building shared-use pathways, sidewalks and trails.
- Adding bike lanes that connect to the City’s existing bike lane network.
- Designing pedestrian-friendly zones around stops and stations.
- Using enhanced landscaping and streetscaping along the length of the corridor to create a more natural environment.
- Incorporating organic materials such as stone and wood wherever possible.

Valley Line West is also undertaking additional sustainable initiatives such as:
- Providing charging stations for electric vehicles at the Lewis Farms Park & Ride.
- Incorporating solar panels at vehicle maintenance and storage facilities.
- Capturing stormwater in guideways (elevated LRT structures) to be used for irrigating nearby City landscaping.
- Setting energy efficiency and greenhouse gas reduction targets for project facilities.
- Targeting LEED® Silver certification for vehicle maintenance and storage facilities.
Trees which cannot be relocated, either due to their size or condition, are recycled in the following ways:

- Wood chips are used in tree beds in public green spaces and along trails.
- Unusable wood is composted.
- Other special uses which are reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENTS

In accordance with Bylaw 7188 (the North Saskatchewan River Valley Area Redevelopment Plan), Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) reports were prepared for the two Valley Line West components that intersect with the Bylaw boundaries:

1. The replacement bridge at Stony Plain Road crossing Groat Ravine
2. Minor sidewalk widening and removal of a bus loop between Stony Plain Road and MacKinnon Ravine, near 148 Street

In Groat Ravine, the new wider bridge and temporary work area requires removal of small areas of degraded forest on ravine slopes. Those areas will be reclaimed to native forest and some new treed natural areas will be established on the margins. No significant impact to wildlife is anticipated but a “critter crossing” bench will be built into the new bridge to assist wildlife moving through the ravine under the new bridge.

At the top of slope at MacKinnon Ravine, some poplar saplings and some carragana shrubs will be removed. Landscaping will add new, native trees and shrubs after construction.

The completed EIAs were presented to Executive Committee on October 29, 2018, and approved by City Council on November 6, 2018.
LRT AND ME – FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

The LRT is coming to west Edmonton. So what does that mean for you? The Valley Line West LRT will support compact, lively neighbourhoods and give you a convenient option for moving around the city as it grows by a million more people in the decades to come.

But first, we have to build it. For the next several years, you can expect construction to take place between downtown and Lewis Farms. We understand that LRT construction can be disruptive and challenging, and we are committed to guiding you throughout the process.

Who is building the LRT?

Marigold Infrastructure Partners (Marigold) has been selected to design, build and partially finance the Valley Line West. Marigold is responsible for communicating the day-to-day construction impacts to business owners. The City of Edmonton contributes funding to the Valley Line West and oversees the entire project.

What will construction look like right now? What about in the future?

Marigold will start the detailed design and early construction work for the route in 2021. Construction will take five to six years to complete. Our utility relocation partners will also continue to complete work along the alignment throughout 2021. Once Marigold completes detailed design and early construction they will start the LRT construction, which includes:

- Widening and rebuilding roadways and sidewalks
- Building and installing LRT tracks and platforms
- Rebuilding the bridge along Stony Plain Road and Groat Road so the LRT can travel on it
- Building an elevated guideway on 87th Avenue between 165 Street and 178 Street that connects the elevated West Edmonton Mall and Misericordia Hospital stations

When construction is complete, we will need to test/commission the line to make sure the LRT vehicles will run safely and correctly on the LRT tracks, and train ETS operators.

What are the general impacts?

We’ll work hard to lessen the impacts of construction, but you can expect noise, vibration and debris in areas close to construction. There will also be lane, road, sidewalk and pathway closures that will require detours along the route.

Will you build one section at a time or will I see construction along the whole route the whole time?

Marigold will tackle the project sequentially, by bodies of work rather than locations. This helps to ensure the project is completed on budget and on time. You can think of it like building a home. Builders don’t complete one room at a time. Instead they start with the foundation, then framing, electrical, etc.

What are the hours for construction?

The contractor will be required to follow the construction hours outlined in the City’s Community Standards Bylaw. Hours of construction are:

- Monday – Saturday: 7 a.m. – 9 p.m.
- Sunday and Holidays: 9 a.m. – 7 p.m.

There are occasions when our contractor can apply for permits to complete work outside of these hours.

How loud will the construction be?

The contractor will be responsible for ensuring all noise complies with the City’s Community Standards Bylaw. If construction noise levels exceed the maximum limits (65 dBA, which is similar to the volume of a normal conversation) the contractor will have to apply for an exemption to complete the work.

How can I document the condition of my property before construction begins?

If you live right along the route, two voluntary assessments are completed before LRT construction begins. The City of Edmonton will offer a pre-construction building condition assessment for properties located along the route. Marigold may also decide to complete one. The building condition assessment provides a report of any visible structural damage that exists both inside and outside of a building before construction of the LRT begins. This helps protect property owners by providing them proof of the condition of their building before construction begins.

The City has already started its pre-construction building condition assessment for residential and commercial properties.

What happens if you damage my property?

The contractor makes every effort to prevent property damage and will be responsible for any property damage related to construction. In the unlikely event that private property is damaged as a result of construction, property owners may file a claim directly with the contractor.
CITIZEN WORKING GROUPS

The Valley Line West has five Citizen Working Groups along the alignment. The groups are part of how the City works with communities to share information, identify issues and seek opportunities to minimize impacts related to construction of Valley Line West. Group members are volunteers reflecting a cross-section of the community.

The purpose of the Citizen Working Groups is to provide the project team and affected communities with a means to:

• Build and maintain relationships and trust.
• Facilitate information-sharing and dialogue.
• Support the identification of issues, opportunities and concerns.
• Seek opportunities to minimize and mitigate impacts related to detailed design and construction.

These groups are designed to be neighborhood-focused and organized to reflect the common characteristics and interests of communities along the corridor from downtown to Lewis Farms.

The five zones are:
- Zone “F” (Downtown/Groat)
- Zone “G” (Stony Plain Road)
- Zone “H” (156 Street)
- Zone “I” (Mid-87)
- Zone “J” (West 87)

As the project proceeds, the City is committed to maintaining dialogue with communities through various forms of communication, including the Citizen Working Groups.)
The North Saskatchewan River flows through many traditional Indigenous territories. The Edmonton area has been important to Indigenous Peoples since their arrival. That’s why it’s important that engagement activities for the Valley Line include the Indigenous Peoples for whom the entire Treaty Six territory has been, and continues to be, traditionally and historically significant. With this in mind, the City of Edmonton has been reaching out to 29 First Nations and Métis Nation communities and organizations to share information, arrange site visits, conduct ceremonies, and respond to questions, concerns and opportunities related to the Valley Line project. This Indigenous engagement process is continuing as the City of Edmonton strives to build and strengthen ongoing relationships with Alberta’s Indigenous communities.
On June 2, 2009, City Council approved the LRT Network Plan as part of the Transportation Master Plan, outlining the future of LRT expansion in Edmonton.

Public involvement in the selection of the corridor gave the project team a greater understanding of issues, benefits and impacts of LRT. From May – December of 2009, the public attended two public workshops and two public information meetings, and completed 502 online questionnaires, providing feedback which was used to select the corridor of the Valley Line West LRT. The project team also completed 21 face-to-face interviews with stakeholders along the alignment. Finally, a public hearing was held at City Council to discuss the recommended corridor.

On December 15, 2009, City Council approved the West LRT corridor connecting downtown to Lewis Farms in west Edmonton.

On January 19, 2011, City Council approved the West LRT Concept Plan.

On April 9 and 18, 2019 two final public information sessions were held to present the completed preliminary design for the Valley Line West LRT.

In December 2020, the City selected Marigold Infrastructure Partners to design, build and partially finance the Valley Line West LRT.

In December 2021, construction of the Valley Line West LRT will begin.


In December 2020, the City selected Marigold Infrastructure Partners to design, build and partially finance the Valley Line West LRT.

The public provided feedback on:
- Stop and station elements
- Proposed changes to roadways
- Connectivity and pedestrian/cyclist access

The team engaged with the public at an information session and a public engagement session where over 350 people attended and gave feedback.

A final information session provided a summary of the 2011-2013 preliminary design phase.

Public Engagement in May and June 2010 provided the project team with input on how to “fit” the Valley Line West LRT route into the selected corridor, helping to define things such as:
- Where the LRT will run within the corridors
- Where the bridges or underpasses will be
- Where the stations will be located
- How they will be configured
- How vehicle access in and out of communities will be affected.

The concept plan was presented at eight formal public engagement and information events, reaching over 650 citizens along the corridor.
On March 21, 2018 City Council held a non-statutory public hearing where Edmontonians were invited to attend to express their views and listen to the deliberations on the proposed concept plan amendments. Council approved the following amendments to the concept plan:

- Adjust the location of the LRT stop and light rail vehicle (LRV) storage facility and increase the size of the Park & Ride facility to approximately 900 stalls.
- Elevate the LRT crossing over 178 Street, running along the centre of 87 Avenue.
- Change the track alignment to a 90-degree turn from Stony Plain Road onto the west side of 156 Street, transitioning back to the centre of 156 Street at 99 Avenue.
- Relocate the 156 Street LRT Stop to the west side of 156 Street, south of 100A Avenue to improve integration with the Jasper Place Transit Centre.
- Keep the LRT crossing at Stony Plain Road and 149th Street at street-level.

On November 6, 2018, City Council approved the Groat Ravine and MacKinnon Ravine Environmental Impact Assessments and Site Location Study.

On November 7, 2018, City Council approved the new location of the 124 Street Stop, a side-loading split platform centered on 123 Street.

On July 4, a meeting was held with local businesses, property owners and residents in the area of Stony Plain Road and 124 Street to discuss possible design options for the 124 Street Stop location and to collect public feedback.

On September 29, 2018, the public was invited to view the City’s proposed development concept plan for the future Valley Line West LRT stop, LRV storage facility, and Park & Ride at Lewis Farms. The information presented also related to the proposed Potter Greens Neighbourhood Structure Plan (NSP) amendment and associated land rezoning.

On August 28, over 120 citizens attended a public information session to learn more about the EIA process and the findings of the studies.

On September 29, 2018, City Council held a public hearing on an amendment to the Potter Greens Neighborhood Structure Plan (NSP). Following the hearing, City Council approved the amendment bylaw.

On November 1, the City received a Provincial funding commitment of $1.04 billion for the procurement and construction of Valley Line West.

On November 5, 2018 City Council held a public hearing on an amendment to the Potter Greens Neighborhood Structure Plan (NSP). Following the hearing, City Council approved the amendment bylaw.

On August 27, 2018 Executive Committee accepted recommendation to remove the westbound left-turn vehicle movement at 109 Street on 104 Avenue.

On November 15 and 16, 2017, two open houses were held to share the refinements of the preliminary design, as well as the results of the recent assessment of LRT crossings at key intersections.

On January 24, 2018, 255 people attended a public engagement and information session to further update the community on planned adjustments and refinements to preliminary design, and sought additional input in preparation for submittal of the recommendation for concept plan amendments that were presented to City Council in March.

On September 29, 2018, the public was invited to view the City’s proposed development concept plan for the future Valley Line West LRT stop, LRV storage facility, and Park & Ride at Lewis Farms. The information presented also related to the proposed Potter Greens Neighbourhood Structure Plan (NSP) amendment and associated land rezoning.

On July 26, 2018, over 250 people attended a public engagement session to discuss design options for Stony Plain Road between 149 Street and 156 Street, including the possibility for a one-way westbound traffic configuration. 205 comment forms were submitted, providing feedback on the five options presented.

On August 27, 2018, Executive Committee accepted recommendation to remove the westbound left-turn vehicle movement at 109 Street on 104 Avenue.

On November 15 and 16, 2017, two open houses were held to share the refinements of the preliminary design, as well as the results of the recent assessment of LRT crossings at key intersections.

On January 24, 2018, 255 people attended a public engagement and information session to further update the community on planned adjustments and refinements to preliminary design, and sought additional input in preparation for submittal of the recommendation for concept plan amendments that were presented to City Council in March.

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- Adjust the location of the LRT stop and light rail vehicle (LRV) storage facility and increase the size of the Park & Ride facility to approximately 900 stalls.
- Elevate the LRT crossing over 178 Street, running along the centre of 87 Avenue.
- Change the track alignment to a 90-degree turn from Stony Plain Road onto the west side of 156 Street, transitioning back to the centre of 156 Street at 99 Avenue.
- Relocate the 156 Street LRT Stop to the west side of 156 Street, south of 100A Avenue to improve integration with the Jasper Place Transit Centre.
- Keep the LRT crossing at Stony Plain Road and 149th Street at street-level.
CITY POSITION

The City of Edmonton supports public art as a way of enhancing the city landscape for people living in, and visiting, Edmonton. It allocates space for public art and provides funding for artwork under its Percent for Art Policy (Policy C458C). The Edmonton Arts Council (EAC) operates under a service agreement with the City of Edmonton to implement the Policy and is guided by Connections and Exchanges: A 10-Year Plan to Transform Arts and Heritage in Edmonton.

ABOUT THE PROJECT

The Valley Line West presents opportunities for artists to create accessible artworks that reflect and celebrate the diversity, character and history of the communities it serves. Public art opportunities will include local, regional, national, and international artists.

ABOUT THE PUBLIC ART SELECTION PROCESS

Commissions for public art are awarded through a selection committee process. Committee members include community members, artists, project team members, curators and other interested citizens. Criteria and parameters for each artwork opportunity are outlined in a Call for Artists. Indigenous, emerging, and artists from diverse backgrounds will be encouraged to apply to reflect the diverse nature of the communities served by the Valley Line West.
URBAN LRT STOP
The following maps show stops, stations and the LRT route path along segments of the Valley Line West. The maps represent Valley Line preliminary design from 2019. Detailed design on the Valley Line is ongoing and some elements may change from what is presently shown.

**Tree placements** may not be exactly as shown. **Light green** indicates potential landscaped areas. **Kiss & Rides** are part of ongoing design and should not be considered final. **Traction Power Substation** placements are part of ongoing design and should not be considered final.

For detailed section maps, visit [edmonton.ca/valleylinewest](http://edmonton.ca/valleylinewest)
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park-like theme for the Lewis Farms Stop.

The Valley Line West LRT will start at the Lewis Farms Transit Centre and Park & Ride, which is located southwest of Webber Greens Drive and Anthony Henday Drive. The LRT stop will be integrated with the existing transit centre and an expanded Park & Ride facility.
Located on the south side of 87 Avenue, the LRT will continue east across Anthony Henday Drive, crossing the ramps at-grade, but staying above the ring road on a new bridge. The long-term expansion for the 87 Avenue interchange was considered in the planning process.

Anthony Henday Drive is the provincial ring road and a key goods movement corridor. Long-term plans for the 87 Avenue/Anthony Henday Drive interchange include a ‘basket-weave’ configuration that would ultimately connect with interchanges at Whitemud Drive and Stony Plain Road.

The LRT will need to cross the Anthony Henday Drive approach ramps at street level, which will require integration with existing and planned traffic signals that will be required at both the 87 Avenue/Anthony Henday Drive interchange and the LRT.
The LRT continues on the south side of 87 Avenue at street level. The intersection at 189 Street will provide access into the nearby neighbourhoods of Belmead and Aldergrove.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park-like theme for the Aldergrove/Belmead Stop. The LRT continues on the south side of 87 Avenue until it reaches the 182 Street Stop just before the intersection. After the intersection, it will begin to climb up on a structure in order to cross 87 Avenue.
The LRT will continue to climb up from street level onto a structure which will cross the eastbound lanes of 87 Avenue and run along the median and over 178 Street. It will continue along the median on the elevated structure, before crossing the westbound lanes of 87 Avenue as it approaches West Edmonton Mall Station.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park-like theme for the West Edmonton Mall Station.

An elevated West Edmonton Mall Station will be located on the north side of 87 Avenue, in approximately the same location as the existing West Edmonton Mall Transit Centre. This station will connect the LRT to the mall and the transit centre.

The LRT will leave the station and continue east, running on the elevated structure on the north side of 87 Avenue, over the 170 Street intersection. There will be no changes to intersections between 178 Street and 170 Street.
There are two elevated stations along the Valley Line West corridor, located at West Edmonton Mall and at the Misericordia Hospital. The West Edmonton Mall Station provides riders with a direct connection to a major regional destination.

The West Edmonton Mall Transit Centre on 87 Avenue is being temporarily relocated north of 90 Avenue and east of 175 Street while the Valley Line West LRT is under construction. Construction of the temporary transit centre is begins in spring 2021. It is scheduled to open in late 2021 and will operate for approximately five to six years during construction of the LRT. Misericordia Station links another of Edmonton’s hospitals into the city’s LRT network, joining the University of Alberta health facilities (Capital and Metro Lines), Royal Alexandra (Metro Line) and Grey Nuns (under construction on Valley Line Southeast).
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park–like theme for the Misericordia Station.

The LRT continues on the north side of 87 Avenue to the elevated Misericordia Hospital Station. The main vehicle access to the hospital will be relocated to the 169 Street intersection, and a new, all-direction traffic signal will be added. The existing hospital vehicle access may be maintained; however, only right-in, right–out turns will be provided together with a left turn in for emergency vehicles. The LRT descends back to ground level just east of 164 Street.
The LRT continues east in the centre of 87 Avenue. A traffic signal at the 163 Street intersection will provide access to the neighbourhoods to the north. Service roads along 87 Avenue are removed to maintain two lanes of traffic in each direction without property acquisition. On-street parking is provided in specific locations where it can be accommodated. The posted speed limit will be reduced as part of this change.

At the 159 Street intersection, the LRT turns north along Meadowlark Road, remaining centre-aligned.
The LRT continues east in the centre of 87 Avenue. A traffic signal at the 163 Street intersection will provide access to the neighbourhoods to the north. Service roads along 87 Avenue are removed to maintain two lanes of traffic in each direction without property acquisition. On-street parking is provided in specific locations where it can be accommodated. The posted speed limit will be reduced as part of this change.

At the 159 Street intersection, the LRT turns north along Meadowlark Road, remaining centre-aligned.
The LRT continues north down the centre of 156 Street, between the communities of Meadowlark Park and Sherwood, with one traffic lane in each direction. On-street parking will be provided in specific locations where it can be accommodated.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park–like theme for the Glenwood/Sherwood Stop.

The stop at 95 Avenue will serve local businesses and the surrounding residential neighbourhood. The stop will have staggered platforms on the north and south sides of 95 Avenue to allow left–hand turn lanes from 156 Street to 95 Avenue. Signalized intersections will also be provided at 95 Avenue and 97 Avenue.
The LRT continues north down the centre of 156 Street, between the communities of Glenwood and West Jasper Place, with one traffic lane in each direction.

At 99 Avenue the LRT crosses the southbound traffic lane and continues northwards along the west side of 156 Street.

On–street parking will be provided in specific locations where it can be accommodated.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park-like theme for the Jasper Place Stop.

The LRT will continue north along the west side of 156 Street towards Stony Plain Road, with northbound and southbound single lanes of traffic both running to the east side of the LRT. The Jasper Place Stop is located north of 100 Avenue, serving the Stony Plain Road business area and providing access to the nearby Jasper Place Transit Centre, as well as nearby residential neighbourhoods.

Approaching Stony Plain Road, the LRT turns east to run along the centre of Stony Plain Road with one lane of traffic in each direction. A signalized intersection will be provided at 153 Street to allow vehicles to cross the tracks.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park-like theme for the Stony Plain Road/149 St. Stop.

The Stony Plain Road/149 St. Stop will be located east of the 151 Street intersection to serve local businesses and the surrounding neighbourhoods. The LRT will continue east and cross the 149 Street intersection at street level.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a park-like theme for the Grovenor/142 St. Stop.

The LRT will then cross on the north side of this intersection travelling to the Grovenor/142 St. Stop, which will serve the existing mature neighbourhoods and the redevelopment project underway in the area.

The LRT will continue east on Stony Plain Road, shifting to the north side of the road east of 144 Street.
The LRT will move to the centre of Stony Plain Road at approximately 139 Street and continue east to the Glenora Stop located at the 133 Street intersection. Traffic will be one lane in each direction.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a historic theme for the Glenora Stop.

Leaving the Glenora Stop at the 133 Street intersection, the LRT will continue east, crossing Groat Road and Groat Ravine on a new bridge that will include one lane of traffic on each side. Traffic signals are provided at 134 Street and 132 Street to maintain community connectivity and accessibility for vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists. The new bridge to cross Groat Road will also accommodate pedestrians on both sides of the road.
A special area to note is located east of the Groat Bridge, where a section of properties located on the south side of Stony Plain Road currently has no alternative roadway access. To accommodate LRT and access for these properties, traffic signals are provided at Sylvancroft Lane, allowing left turns into and out of the side road. A new service road will connect Sylvancroft Lane with Glenora Pointe and Woodbend Place.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a contemporary theme for the 124 Street Stop, and a historic theme for the Brewery/120 St. Stop.

The LRT reaches another staggered stop east of 124 Street. Left turns will be available at this intersection for most directions of travel. However, eastbound left turns to head north onto 124 Street will not be possible in this design. Motorists travelling in this direction will need to use the jughandle manoeuvre (turn-around opportunity), using the surrounding street network at 121 Street to travel north.

The LRT will continue down the centre along Stony Plain Road to 104 Avenue where, upon crossing 121 Street, the roadway widens and two lanes of vehicle traffic can be provided in each direction. The stop at 120 Street provides access to local businesses as well as the Edmonton Brewery District.

Traffic signals are provided at 134 Street and 132 Street to maintain community connectivity and accessibility for vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists. The new bridge to cross Groat Road will also accommodate pedestrians on both sides of the road.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a historic theme for the The Yards/116 St. Stop.

Continuing east along the centre of 104 Avenue, the LRT arrives at a staggered stop at 116 Street. Access to the commercial and high-density developments along this stretch of the corridor is provided at signalized intersections at 118 Street, 116 Street and 114 Street.
Through public engagement, area residents chose a contemporary theme for the MacEwan Arts/112 St. Stop.

The LRT remains in the middle of 104 Avenue to the next stop at 112 Street. It then continues east towards MacEwan University and heads towards the heart of Edmonton.
Through public engagement, area residents chose the contemporary theme for the NorQuest and Alex Decoteau stops.

The LRT will head south to 102 Avenue along the west side of 107 Street, with a stop between 104 Avenue and 103 Avenue.

South of 103 Avenue, the lane next to the LRT will be exclusively for the use of emergency vehicles.

The LRT will then head east along the north side of 102 Avenue, with the final Valley Line West stop placed between 106 Street and 105 Street.
WHAT HAPPENS NEXT?

The City has selected Marigold Infrastructure Partners to design, build and partially finance the Valley Line West LRT.

TO FIND OUT MORE ABOUT THE VALLEY LINE WEST LRT PROJECT

City of Edmonton
(for general project inquiries)
Visit: edmonton.ca/valleylinewest
Email: lrtprojects@edmonton.ca
Call: LRT Projects Information Centre at 780-496-4874 (voicemail)

Marigold Infrastructure Partners
(for construction inquiries)
Email: public@marigoldinfra.ca
Call: 780-412-2183